



**SPECIFICATIONS
FOR LCD MODULE**

CUSTOMER	
CUSTOMER PART NO.	
ORIENT DISPLAY NO.	AMC2004A SERIES
DESCRIPTION	
APPROVED BY	
DATE	

PREPARED BY	CHECKED BY	APPROVED BY

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY:

DATE	PAGE	DESCRIPTION
1999.8. 2005.3.	- -	First release Modify the full specification

Contents

- 1.Module Classification Information
- 2.Precautions in use of LCD Modules
- 3.General Specification
- 4.Absolute Maximum Ratings
- 5.Electrical Characteristics
- 6.Optical Characteristics
- 7.Interface Pin Function
- 8.Power Supply
- 9.Contour Drawing & Block Diagram
- 11.Function Description
- 12.Character Generator ROM Pattern
- 12.Instruction Table
- 13.Timing Characteristics
- 14.Initializing of LCM
- 15.Quality Assurance
- 16.Reliability

1. Module Classification Information

2. Precautions in use of LCD Modules

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2) Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of LCD module.
- (3) Don't disassemble the LCM.
- (4) Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (5) Don't drop, bend or twist LCM.
- (6) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (7) Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.

3. General Specification

Item	Dimension	Unit
Number of Characters	20characters x 4 Lines	—
Module dimension(No Backlight)	98.0 x 60.0 x 10.0 (MAX)	mm
Module dimension(With LED Backlight)	98.0 x 60.0 x 15.0 (MAX)	mm
View area	76.0 x 25.2	mm
Active area	70.40 x 20.80	mm
Dot size	0.55 x 0.55	mm
Dot pitch	0.60 x 0.60	mm
Character size	2.95 x 4.75	mm
Character pitch	3.55 x 5.35	mm
LCD type	TN, Yellow/Gray/Blue STN/FSTN	
Duty	1/16	
View direction	6 o'clock or 12 o'clock	
Backlight Type	None, Yellow Green, Red or White LED backlight	

4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item		Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Voltage		V_I	-0.3	VDD+0.3	V
Supply Voltage For Logic		VDD-V _{SS}	-0.3	7.0	V
Supply Voltage For LCD		V _{DD} -V ₀	Vdd-13.5	0	V
Standard	Operating Temp.	Top	0	50	°C
Temperature LCM	Storage Temp.	Tstr	-10	60	°C
Wide Temperature	Operating Temp.	Top	-20	70	°C
LCM	Storage Temp.	Tstr	-30	80	°C

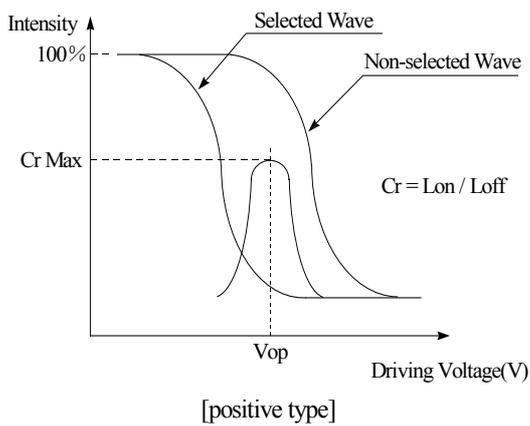
5. Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage For Logic	V _{DD} -V _{SS}	—	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Supply Voltage For LCD	V _{DD} -V ₀	Ta=25°C	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Input High Volt.	V _{IH}	—	0.7 V _{DD}	—	V _{DD}	V
Input Low Volt.	V _{IL}	—	V _{SS}	—	0.3 V _{DD}	V
Supply Current	I _{DD}	V _{DD} =5V	0.7	0.75	1.5	mA
Supply Voltage of Yellow-green backlight	V _{LED}	Forward current =180 mA Number of LED die 2x18= 36	3.8	4.2	4.3	V
Supply Voltage of White backlight	V _{LED}	Forward current =30 mA Number of LED die 2	3.8	4.0	4.2	V

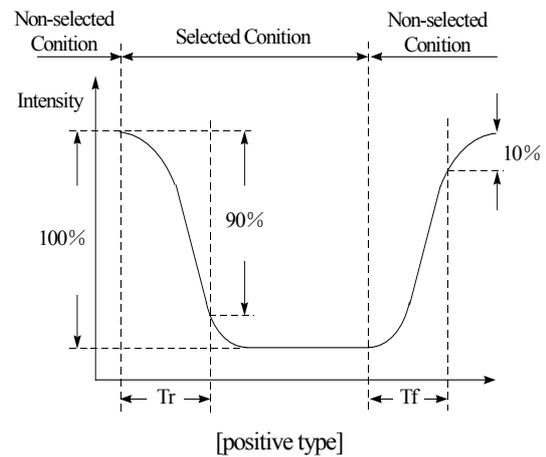
6. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
View Angle	(V) θ	$CR \geq 2$	-20	—	35	deg
	(H) ϕ	$CR \geq 2$	-30	—	30	deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	—	—	3	—	—
Response Time	T rise	—	—	—	250	ms
	T fall	—	—	—	250	ms

Definition of Operation Voltage (Vop)



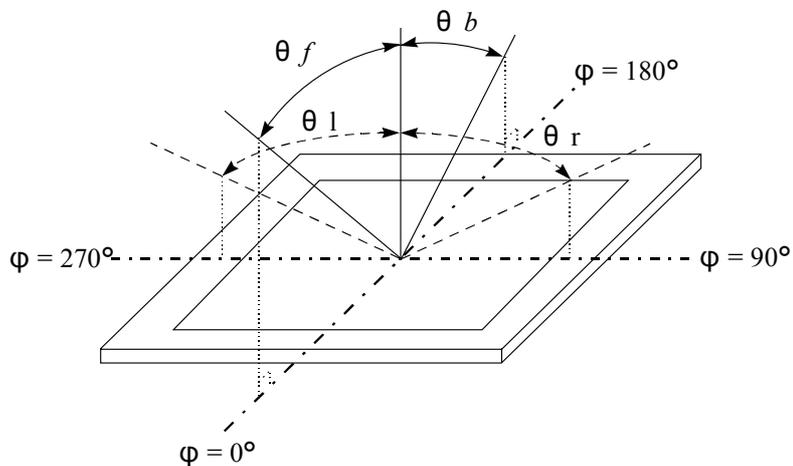
Definition of Response Time (Tr, Tf)



Conditions :

Operating Voltage : Vop Viewing Angle(θ , ϕ) : 0° , 0°
 Frame Frequency : 64 HZ Driving Waveform : 1/N duty , 1/a bias

Definition of viewing angle($CR \geq 2$)

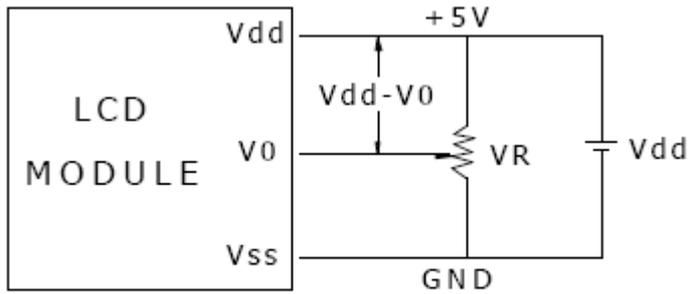


7. Interface Pin Function

Pin No.	Symbol	Level	Description
1	V _{SS}	0V	Ground
2	V _{DD}	5.0V	Supply Voltage for logic
3	V ₀	(Variable)	Operating voltage for LCD
4	RS	H/L	H: DATA, L: Instruction code
5	R/W	H/L	H: Read(MPU→Module) L: Write(MPU→Module)
6	E	H,H→L	Chip enable signal
7	DB0	H/L	Data bit 0
8	DB1	H/L	Data bit 1
9	DB2	H/L	Data bit 2
10	DB3	H/L	Data bit 3
11	DB4	H/L	Data bit 4
12	DB5	H/L	Data bit 5
13	DB6	H/L	Data bit 6
14	DB7	H/L	Data bit 7
15	LED(+)		Anode of LED Backlight
16	LED(-)		Cathode of LED Backlight

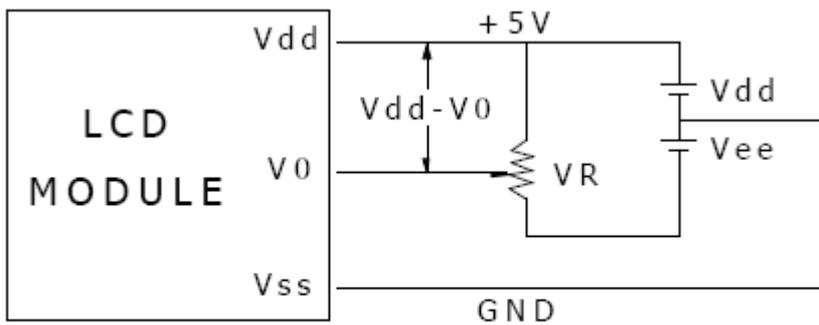
8. POWER SUPPLY

SINGLE SUPPLY VOLTAGE TYPE



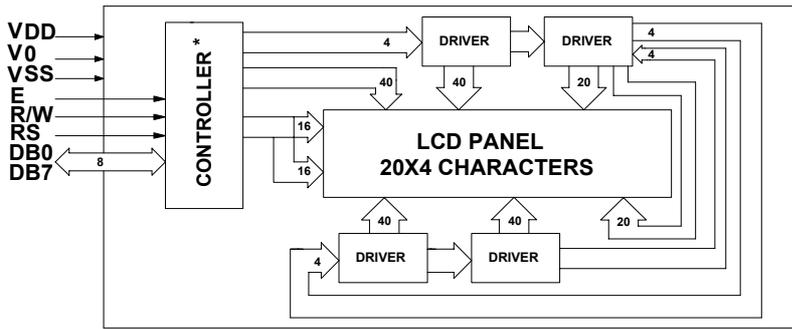
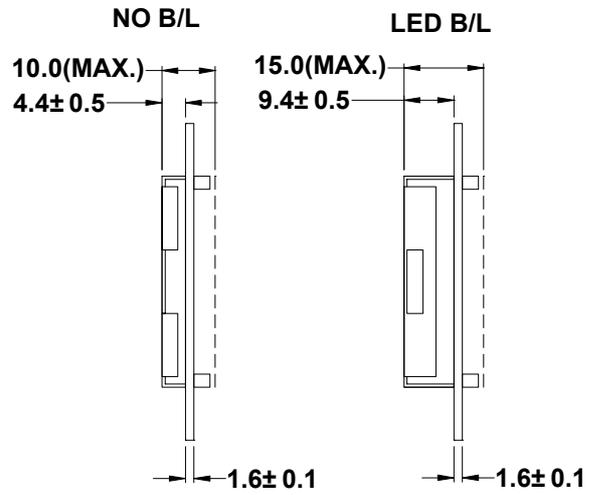
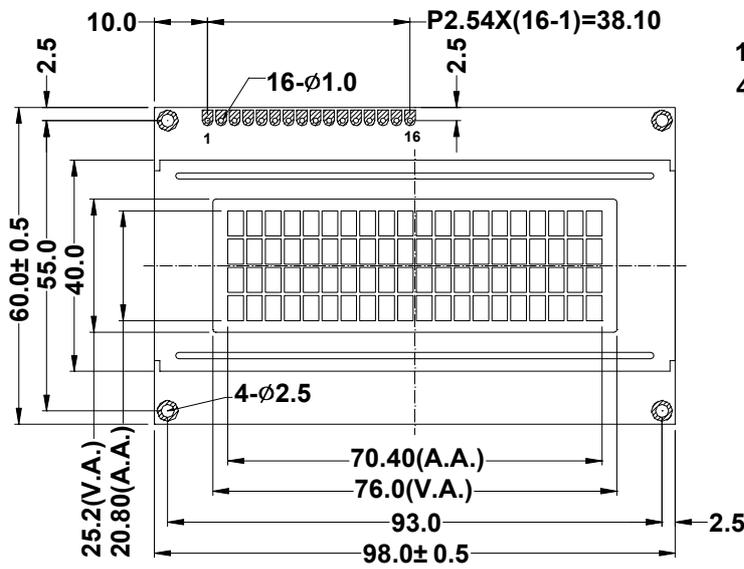
Vdd-V0: LCD Driving Voltage
VR: 10K - 20K

DUAL SUPPLY VOLTAGE TYPE

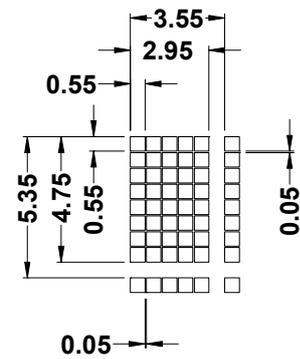


Vdd-V0: LCD Driving Voltage
VR: 10K - 20K

9. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram



* S6A0069 OR EQUIVALENT



10. Function Description

The LCD display Module is built in a LSI controller, the controller has two 8-bit registers, an instruction register (IR) and a data register (DR).

The IR stores instruction codes, such as display clear and cursor shift, and address information for display data RAM (DDRAM) and character generator (CGRAM). The IR can only be written from the MPU. The DR temporarily stores data to be written or read from DDRAM or CGRAM. When address information is written into the IR, then data is stored into the DR from DDRAM or CGRAM. By the register selector (RS) signal, these two registers can be selected.

RS	R/W	Operation
0	0	IR write as an internal operation (display clear, etc.)
0	1	Read busy flag (DB7) and address counter (DB0 to DB7)
1	0	Write data to DDRAM or CGRAM (DR to DDRAM or CGRAM)
1	1	Read data from DDRAM or CGRAM (DDRAM or CGRAM to DR)

Busy Flag (BF)

When the busy flag is 1, the controller LSI is in the internal operation mode, and the next instruction will not be accepted. When RS=0 and R/W=1, the busy flag is output to DB7. The next instruction must be written after ensuring that the busy flag is 0.

Address Counter (AC)

The address counter (AC) assigns addresses to both DDRAM and CGRAM

Display Data RAM (DDRAM)

This DDRAM is used to store the display data represented in 8-bit character codes. Its extended capacity is 80×8 bits or 80 characters. Below figure is the relationships between DDRAM addresses and positions on the liquid crystal display.

AC
(hexadecimal)

Character Generator ROM (CGROM)

The CGROM generate 5×8 dot or 5×10 dot character patterns from 8-bit character codes. See Table 2.

Character Generator RAM (CGRAM)

In CGRAM, the user can rewrite character by program. For 5×8 dots, eight character patterns can be written, and for 5×10 dots, four character patterns can be written.

Write into DDRAM the character code at the addresses shown as the left column of table 1. To show the character patterns stored in CGRAM.

Relationship between CGRAM Addresses, Character Codes (DDRAM) and Character patterns

Table 1.

11. Character Generator ROM Pattern

Table.2

Upper 4 Bits Lower 4 Bits	0000	0001	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111	1000	1001	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111
xxxx0000	CG RAM (1)			0	@	P	`	P				-	タ	ミ	α	ρ
xxxx0001	(2)		!	1	A	Q	a	q			。	ア	チ	△	ä	g
xxxx0010	(3)		"	2	B	R	b	r			「	イ	ツ	×	β	θ
xxxx0011	(4)		#	3	C	S	c	s			」	ウ	テ	ε	ε	⊗
xxxx0100	(5)		\$	4	D	T	d	t			、	エ	ト	⊂	μ	Ω
xxxx0101	(6)		%	5	E	U	e	u			・	オ	ナ	∩	⊗	ü
xxxx0110	(7)		&	6	F	V	f	v			ヲ	カ	ニ	ヨ	ρ	Σ
xxxx0111	(8)		'	7	G	W	g	w			ア	キ	ヌ	ラ	g	π
xxxx1000	(1)		(	8	H	X	h	x			イ	ク	ネ	リ	γ	×
xxxx1001	(2)		)	9	I	Y	i	y			ウ	ケ	ル	ル	γ	γ
xxxx1010	(3)		*	:	J	Z	j	z			エ	コ	∩	レ	j	キ
xxxx1011	(4)		+	;	K	[	k	(			オ	サ	ヒ	ロ	*	π
xxxx1100	(5)		,	<	L	¥	l	l			カ	シ	フ	ワ	⊕	⊕
xxxx1101	(6)		-	=	M	]	m	)			ユ	ス	∧	∩	⊕	÷
xxxx1110	(7)		.	>	N	^	n	→			ヨ	セ	ホ	°	π	
xxxx1111	(8)		/	?	O	_	o	€			ツ	リ	マ	°	ö	■

12. Instruction Table

Instruction	Instruction Code										Description	Execution time (fosc=270Khz)		
	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0				
Clear Display	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Write "00H" to DDRAM and set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC	1.53ms		
Return Home	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC and return cursor to its original position if shifted. The contents of DDRAM are not changed.	1.53ms		
Entry Mode Set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	I/D	SH	Assign cursor moving direction and enable the shift of entire display.	39μs	
Display ON/OFF Control	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	C	B	Set display (D), cursor (C), and blinking of cursor (B) on/off control bit.	39μs	
Cursor or Display Shift	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	S/C	R/L	—	—	Set cursor moving and display shift control bit, and the direction, without changing of DDRAM data.	39μs	
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	DL	N	F	—	—	—	Set interface data length (DL:8-bit/4-bit), numbers of display line (N:2-line/1-line)and, display font type (F:5×11 dots/5×8 dots)	39μs	
Set CGRAM Address	0	0	0	1	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	—	—	Set CGRAM address in address counter.	39μs
Set DDRAM Address	0	0	1	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	—	—	Set DDRAM address in address counter.	39μs
Read Busy Flag and Address	0	1	BF	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	—	—	Whether during internal operation or not can be known by reading BF. The contents of address counter can also be read.	0μs
Write Data to RAM	1	0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	—	—	Write data into internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM).	43μs
Read Data from RAM	1	1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	—	—	Read data from internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM).	43μs

* "—" : don't care

13. Timing Characteristics

13.1 Write Operation

Ta=25°C, VDD=5.0± 0.5V

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Enable cycle time	t _{cycE}	1200	—	—	ns
Enable pulse width (high level)	PW _{EH}	140	—	—	ns
Enable rise/fall time	t _{Er,tEf}	—	—	25	ns
Address set-up time (RS, R/W to E)	t _{AS}	0	—	—	ns
Address hold time	t _{AH}	10	—	—	ns
Data set-up time	t _{DSW}	40	—	—	ns
Data hold time	t _H	10	—	—	ns

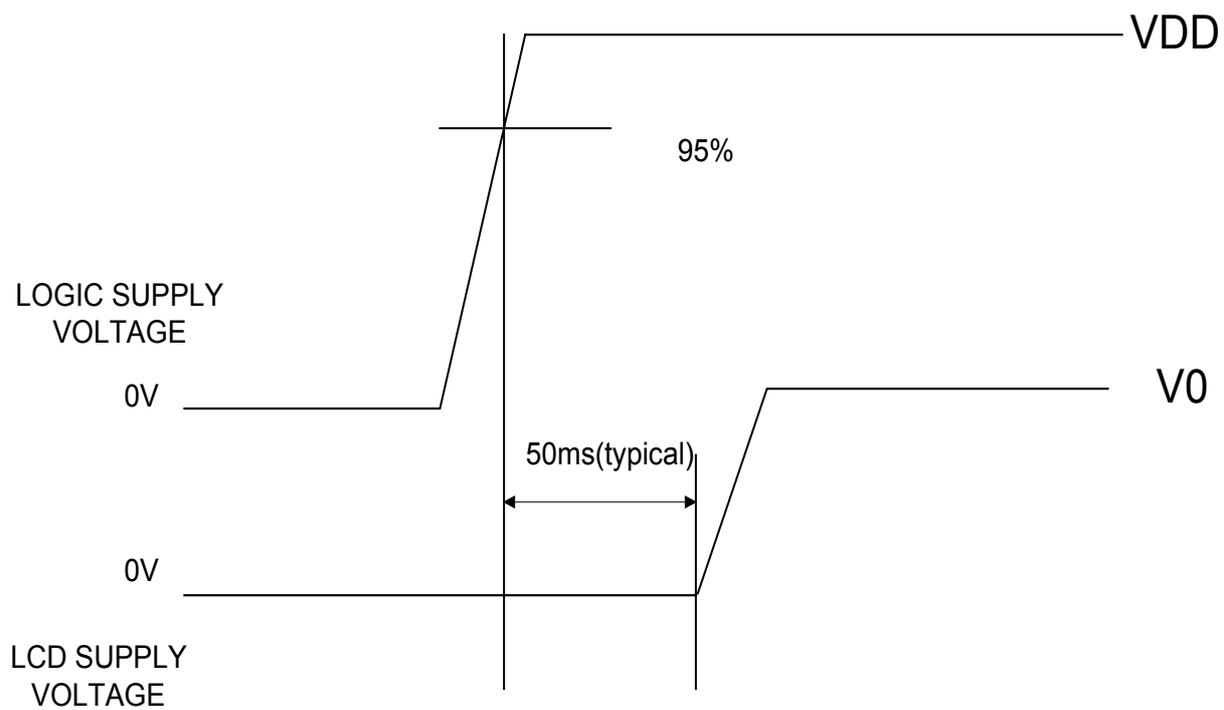
13.2 Read Operation

Ta=25°C, VDD=5.0± 0.5V

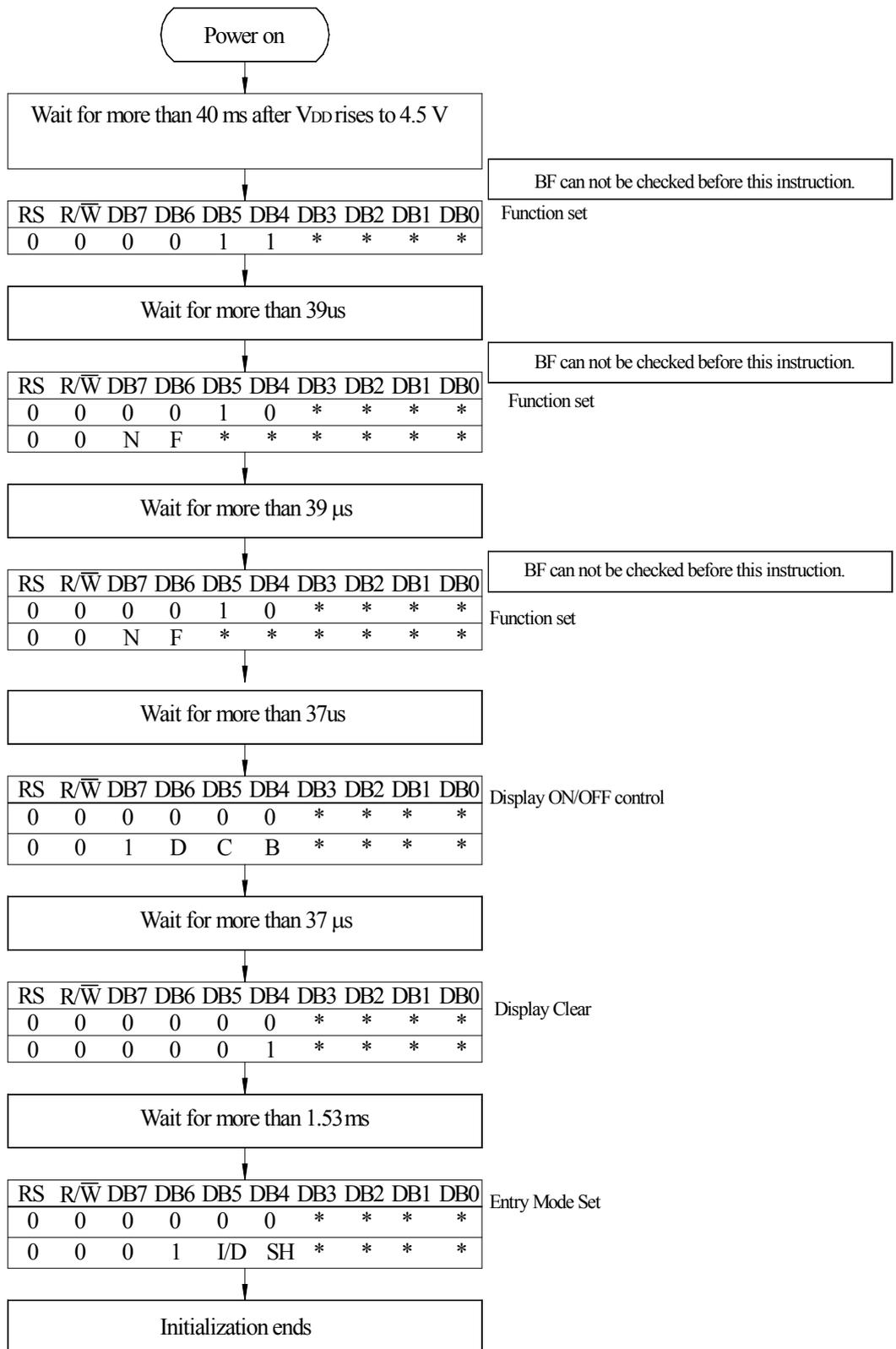
Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Enable cycle time	t _{cycE}	1200	—	—	ns
Enable pulse width (high level)	PW _{EH}	140	—	—	ns
Enable rise/fall time	t _{Er} ,t _{Ef}	—	—	25	ns
Address set-up time (RS, R/W to E)	t _{AS}	0	—	—	ns
Address hold time	t _{AH}	10	—	—	ns
Data delay time	t _{DDR}	—	—	100	ns
Data hold time	t _{DHR}	10	—	—	ns

13.3 Timing Diagram of VDD Against V0.

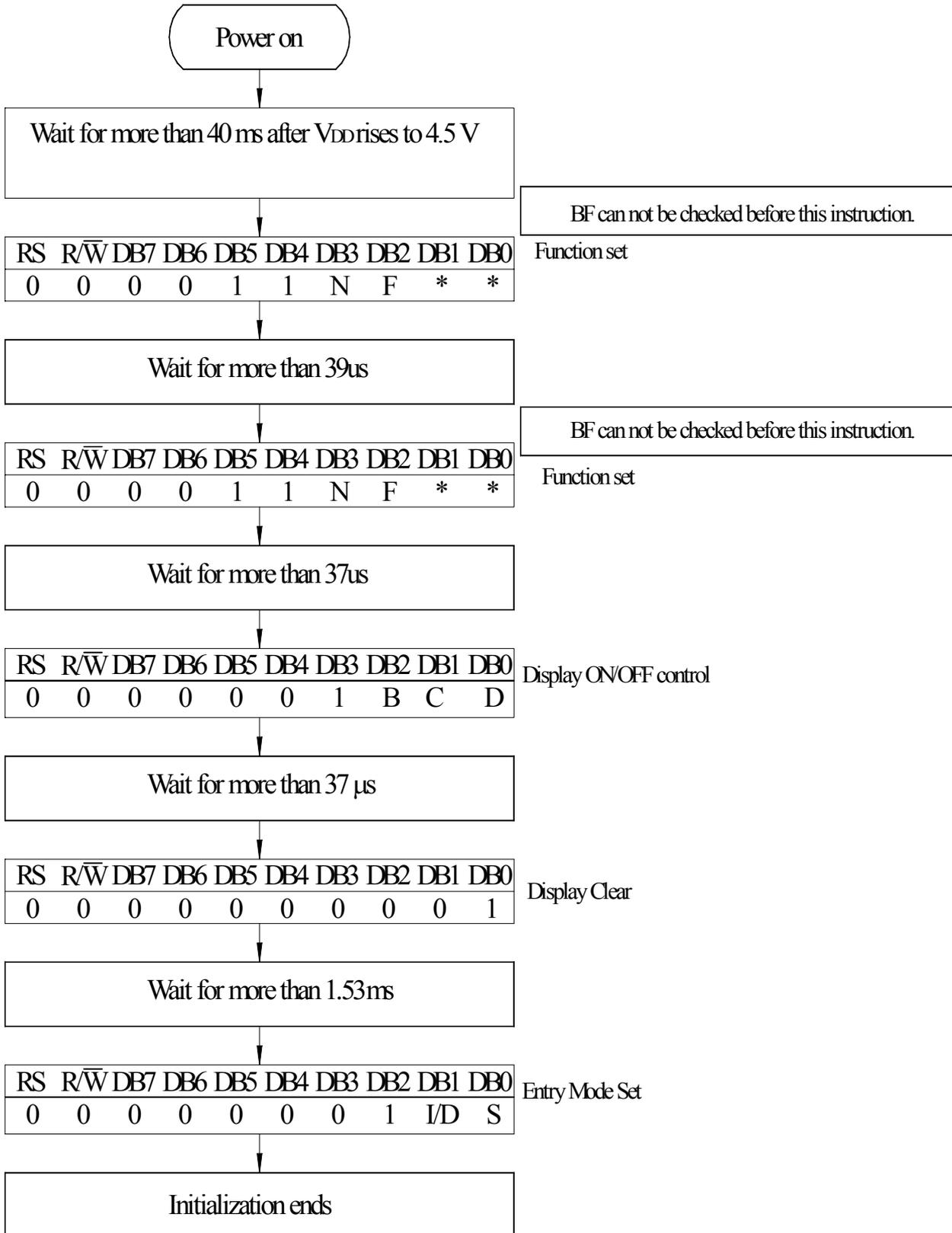
Power on sequence shall meet the requirement of Figure 4, the timing diagram of VDD against V0.



14. Initializing of LCM



4-Bit Inerface



8-Bit Ineterface

15. Quality Assurance

Screen Cosmetic Criteria

Item	Defect	Judgment Criterion	Partition																				
1	Spots	<p>A)Clear</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td><u>Size: d mm</u></td> <td><u>Acceptable Qty in active area</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>$d \leq 0.1$</td> <td>Disregard</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.1 < d \leq 0.2$</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.2 < d \leq 0.3$</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.3 < d$</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table> <p>Note: Including pin holes and defective dots which must be within one pixel size.</p> <p>B)Unclear</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td><u>Size: d mm</u></td> <td><u>Acceptable Qty in active area</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>$d \leq 0.2$</td> <td>Disregard</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.2 < d \leq 0.5$</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.5 < d \leq 0.7$</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.7 < d$</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table>	<u>Size: d mm</u>	<u>Acceptable Qty in active area</u>	$d \leq 0.1$	Disregard	$0.1 < d \leq 0.2$	6	$0.2 < d \leq 0.3$	2	$0.3 < d$	0	<u>Size: d mm</u>	<u>Acceptable Qty in active area</u>	$d \leq 0.2$	Disregard	$0.2 < d \leq 0.5$	6	$0.5 < d \leq 0.7$	2	$0.7 < d$	0	Minor
<u>Size: d mm</u>	<u>Acceptable Qty in active area</u>																						
$d \leq 0.1$	Disregard																						
$0.1 < d \leq 0.2$	6																						
$0.2 < d \leq 0.3$	2																						
$0.3 < d$	0																						
<u>Size: d mm</u>	<u>Acceptable Qty in active area</u>																						
$d \leq 0.2$	Disregard																						
$0.2 < d \leq 0.5$	6																						
$0.5 < d \leq 0.7$	2																						
$0.7 < d$	0																						
2	Bubbles in Polarizer	<table border="0"> <tr> <td><u>Size: d mm</u></td> <td><u>Acceptable Qty in active area</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>$d \leq 0.3$</td> <td>Disregard</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.3 < d \leq 1.0$</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$1.0 < d \leq 1.5$</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$1.5 < d$</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table>	<u>Size: d mm</u>	<u>Acceptable Qty in active area</u>	$d \leq 0.3$	Disregard	$0.3 < d \leq 1.0$	3	$1.0 < d \leq 1.5$	1	$1.5 < d$	0	Minor										
<u>Size: d mm</u>	<u>Acceptable Qty in active area</u>																						
$d \leq 0.3$	Disregard																						
$0.3 < d \leq 1.0$	3																						
$1.0 < d \leq 1.5$	1																						
$1.5 < d$	0																						
3	Scratch	In accordance with spots cosmetic criteria. When the light reflects on the panel surface, the scratches are not to be remarkable.	Minor																				
4	Allowable Density	Above defects should be separated more than 30mm each other.	Minor																				
5	Coloration	Not to be noticeable coloration in the viewing area of the LCD panels. Back-light type should be judged with back-light on state only.	Minor																				

