Thinking about grammars

- Consider an expression language involving integers 1, 2 and 3 and the + operator
- These rules make the + operator left associative
 <e> ::= <int> | <e> + <int>
 <int> ::= 1 | 2 | 3
- Note that using the "|" notation obscures the fact that there are really five rules

<e>>::= <int><int>::= 1 <e>>::= <e> + <int><int>::= 2 <int>::= 3

::= 1 ::= 2

A graphical view

- Each rule is a little tree with a non-terminal as its root and children which are non-terminals or terminals
- Here's how we we might visualize the grammar using ovals for non-terminals and strings as terminals



Generating a string & parse tree

- Create a parse tree P consisting of the node
- Repeat until P has no non-terminals leaf nodes

e

- Select a leaf node L that is a non-terminal
- Select a grammar tree T that has the same non-terminal as its root and make a copy of it
- Replace the leaf L in P with the copy of T







1+2+3

